

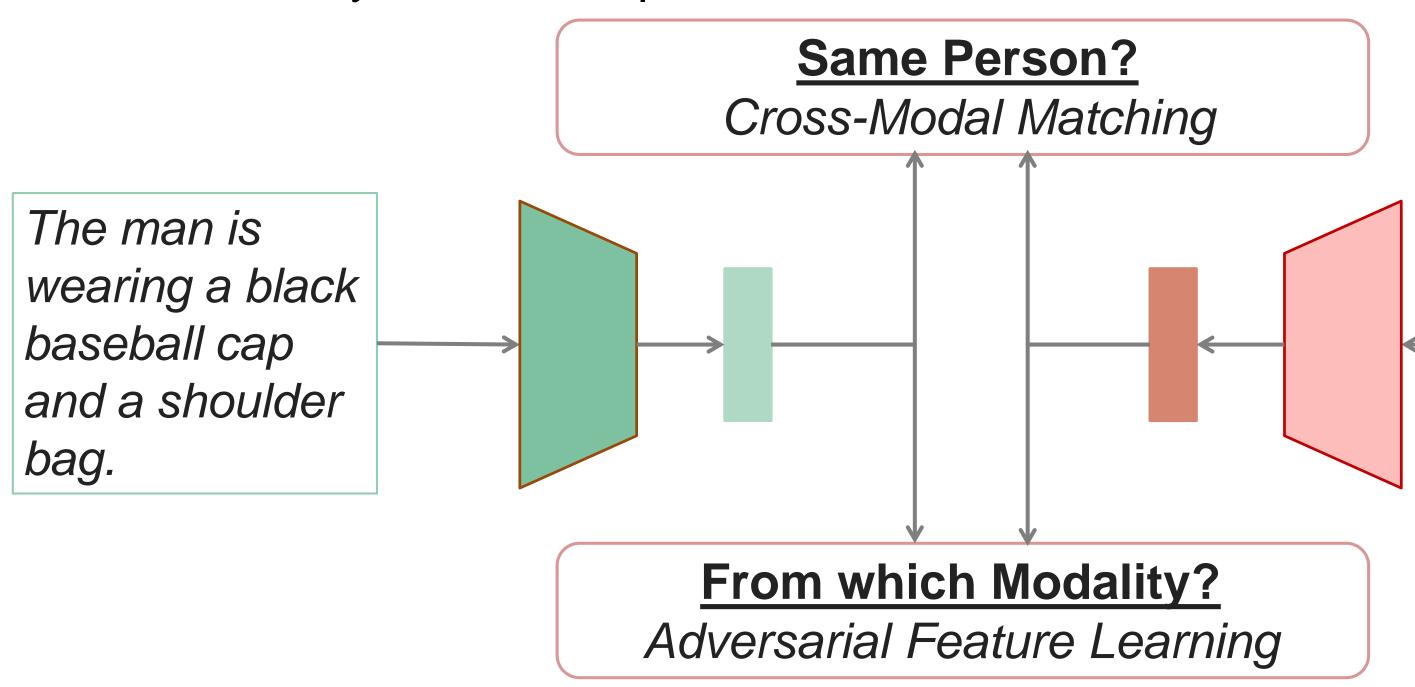
## **Adversarial Representation Learning for Text-to-Image Matching** Nikolaos Sarafianos, Xiang Xu, Ioannis A. Kakadiaris {nsarafianos, xxu21, ioannisk}@uh.edu

## Motivation

**Problem Statement**: Given a textual description retrieve the most relevant images

## **Objectives**:

- Match the distributions of the features that belong to the same identity
- Learn modality invariant representations



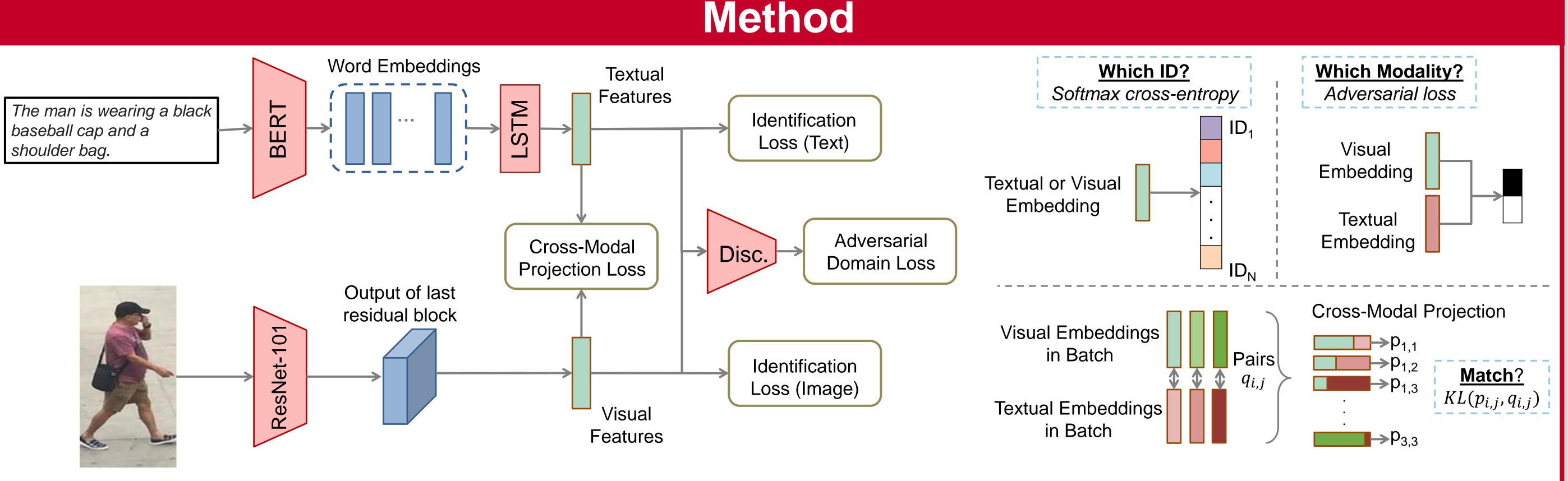
## **Quantitative Results**

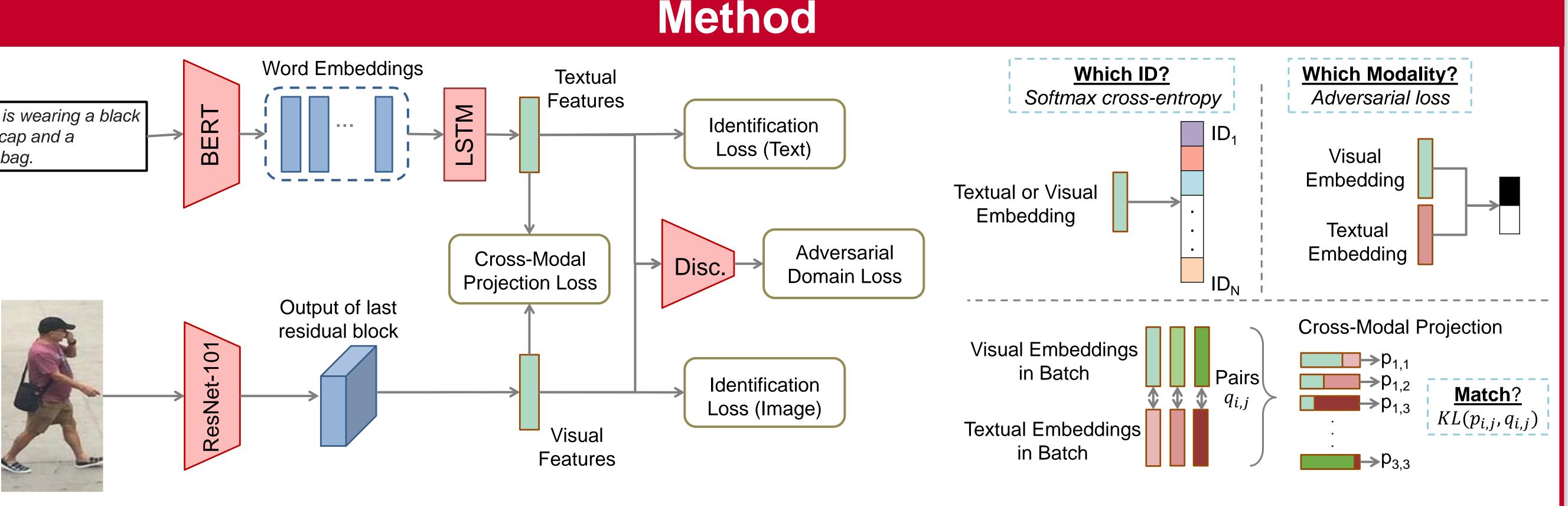
Cro	ss-Modal Retriev	val results on the	e Flickr-30K dataset	
Method	Image-to-Text		Text-to-Image	
	Rank-1	Rank-10	Rank-1	Rank-10
DAN	55.0	89.0	39.4	79.1
NAR	55.1	89.6	39.4	79.9
VSE++	52.9	87.2	39.6	79.5
SCO	55.5	89.3	41.1	80.1
GXN	56.8	89.6	41.5	80.1
ΓΙΜΑΜ	53.1	87.6	42.6	81.9
Text-to-Im	age Retrieval Ab	olation Study on	the CUHK-PEDES d	lataset
L,	L <sub>M</sub>	BERT	Adv. Learning	Rank-1
				40.1
				44.9
				49.8
				51.3
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С	oss-Modal Retrie	val results on th	e Flickr-30K datase	t
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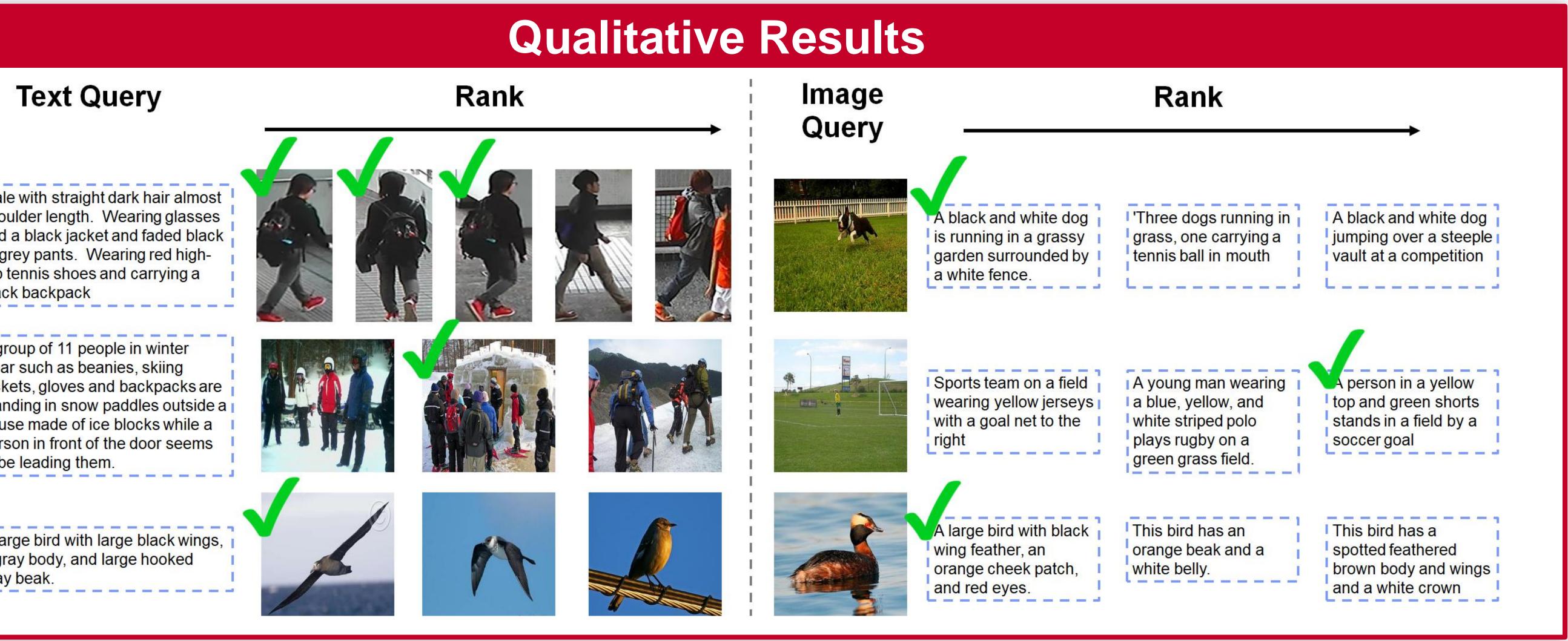
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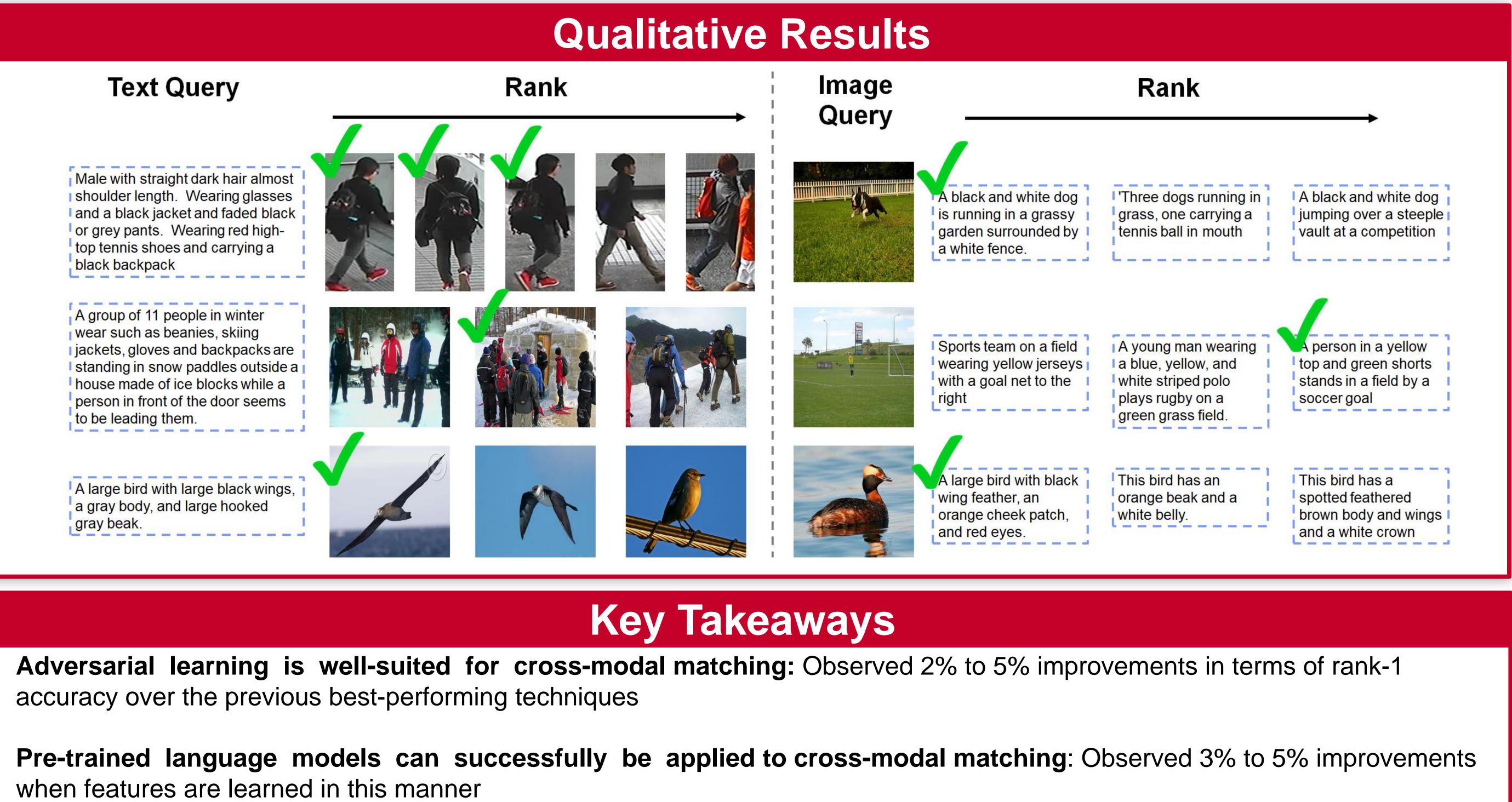




**Contributions**: each-other"

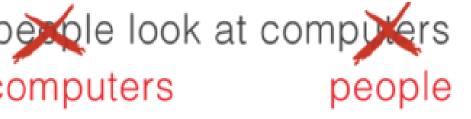
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Introduce an adversarial representation learning framework that brings the features from both modalities "close-to-

Demonstrate that BERT can result in more discriminative word representations suitable for cross-modal matching



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